"Tenth Grade: Lesson One"

Test (4): Lesson One: (Pages: 15 – 39)

Part A: Grammar & Vocabulary

1. A: What's it going to be? Will you ----- to Turkey next week?

B: I don't know, I can't make up my mind yet. Maybe. Maybe not.

a. travels b. traveled c. to travel d. travel

2. Which sentence is grammatically **correct**?

- a. Where you will be this time tomorrow morning?
- b. This car will holds five people comfortably.
- c. Every employee will carry an identity card at all times.
- d. That will being Tom coming home now, I'm excited.
- 3. A: Do you think she ----- into books? Tomorrow is her birthday and I've bought her some classic novels! B: She ----- very happy when she finds out. She is a bookworm!

a. will be - be b. is - is c. is - will be d. will be - is

4. It's really cold in here. ----- the window, please?

a. Do you will close b. Do you close c. Will you close d. Are you closing

5. Whatever ----- to happen will happen, whether we worry or not.

a. will go b. are going c. goes d. is going

6. If you visit the shopping malls, you ----- see the influence of rap on teen style.

a. will be going to b. will c. has to d. are going to

7. We ----- go to the shopping center to see our favorite singers.

a. are going to b. would c. are wanting to d. will to

8. Today, ----- mountains and ----- are the natural ----- of many animals.

a. iran's / Plains / home
c. Iran's / plains / Home
d. iran's / plains / Home

9. Which sentence is grammatically **correct**?

- a. This is a low mountain, but this mountains are high.
- b. Unfortunately, some people does not take care of animals.
- c. There are two bus stop near our school.
- d. Reza read a magazine on the bus two weeks ago.
- 10. My uncles are ------ but they usually ----- and don't pay attention ----- their farms.

a. farmer / travel / of	b. Farmers / travel / to
c. farmers / travel / to	d. farmer / travels / in

Hassan Khakpour: 0912-721-14-18 (@EnglishVisionKhakpour)

	11. In the Louvre Museum all paintings are by thick glasses for security issues.				
	a. d	livided	b. planned	c. protected	d. injured
12	12. Humans cut down trees and destroy lakes, and make homes and roads				
	a. f	uture	b. instead	c. example	d. alive
13	. Unt	il quite	, people in developed	d countries didn't care mu	ach about the environment.
	a. e	asily	b. quickly	c. correctly	d. recently
14	. My	brother jumped into	the river to a lit	tle boy although he wasn	't a very good swimmer.
	a. iı	ncrease	b. protect	c. take care	d. save
15	. My	wife told me to char	nge my clothes because s	he thought I was not	dressed for the party.
	a. s	eriously	b. personally	c. commonly	d. appropriately
16		uilding where impor	tant cultural, historical, s	cientific objects are kept	and shown to the people
	a. n	nuseum	b. hospital	c. plain	d. town
17 .	. She	is by	a kind person and is p	opular with the children i	in her neighborhood.
	a. a	ccident	b. nature	c. future	d. practice
18	. It's	a school holiday ton	norrow, so I'm	to go somewhere	and have fun.
	a. h	unting	b. cutting	c. planning	d. dividing
Part B: Cloze Test					
Zebras are African horses. They are in the same genus as the common horse, Equus caballus, and donkeys. Zebras are known for (19) many black and white stripes. There are three main species of zebra, Grevy's Zebra, the Plains Zebra, and the Mountain Zebra. Zebras are social (20) that spendime in herds. They can have babies when they (21) five years old and can have one every year Zebras mainly eat grass, but they also eat fruit, (22) and some vegetables. They always live near water and are a/an (23) species. Zebras live in Africa, south of the Sahara desert.					
Ze		•	•		· ·
Ze		•	•		•
Ze	19 20	a. increasing a. hunters	b. hurting b. animals	c. having c. humans	d. being d. dangers
Ze	19 20 21	a. increasing a. hunters a. about have	b. hurting b. animals b. about are	c. having c. humans c. have about	d. being d. dangers d. are about
Ze	19 20	a. increasing a. hunters	b. hurting b. animals	c. having c. humans	d. being d. dangers

Part C: Reading Comprehension

Polar bears are the world's biggest bears. They are also called white bears or northern bears. They have black skin under their white fur. They are strong and fast. They can run as swiftly as 40 km an hour for a short distance. Polar bears have 42 teeth, and their teeth are very sharp to help them eat tough seal and fish meat.

Polar bears are also very good at swimming. They can swim hundreds of kilometers from land. They have very thick fur that keeps them warm and dry in cold water. A polar bear's paws are perfect snowshoes for them. The bottoms of their paws are wide and covered with fur to **prevent** them from slipping on the ice. They have sharp claws too which also help them to grip the ice.

Male polar bears are active all year, but female polar bears usually sleep in ice caves during the winter. Female polar bears give birth to their young in these ice caves, and then come out in the spring. The mother feeds milk to the babies, which makes them grow fast. After ten weeks the cubs weigh about 10 kg. Young polar bears wrestle in the snow to build their strength and skills. They practice using their strong paws, and they show off **their** big, sharp teeth.

24. According to the passage, what color is a polar bear's skin?

a. white b. black c. brown d. green	c. brown d. green
-------------------------------------	-------------------

25. The word "prevent" in paragraph 2 is closest in meaning to -----.

a. stop	b. direct	c. create	d. cause
---------	-----------	-----------	----------

26. When are male polar bears active?

a. in the spring	b. in the winter
c. all year around	d. in the summer

27. According to the passage, why do polar bear cubs grow fast?

a. They wrestle.	b. They practice.
c. They show off.	d. They drink milk.

28. The underlined word "their" in the last paragraph refers to -----.

a. female polar bears	b. male polar bears
c. young polar bears	d. all types of bears

Notes:	

Hassan Khakpour: 0912-721-14-18 (@EnglishVisionKhakpour)